CITY OF MERCER ISLAND

COMMUNITY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

9611 SE 36TH STREET | MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

PHONE: 206.275.7605 | www.mercergov.org

Inspection Requests: Online: www.mybuildingpermit.com VM: 206.275.7730



SITE DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

Worksheet for single family residential development

PROJECT INFORM	MATION			
Permit Number:		Parcel Number:	335850-0175	
Site Address:	8059 West Mercer Way	Phone Number:	(509) 969-3528	
Owner Name:	Bill and Janet Feldmann	Date:	5/21/2020	
Signature & phor	ne number of Individual who comp	leted this worksheet:		
~~~~		(425) 677-8400	<u> </u>	
·	Signature		Phone Number	
GENERAL INFOR	MATION			
	es be removed as a result of this d with diameter of greater than or e		Yes □	No 🔳
Do you have an A	Accessory Dwelling Unit?	New ADU □	Existing ADU	No 🔳
Will you be adding air conditioning to the proposed development? Yes ☐ No				
	et and is not a substitute for the Mo y Code. The City may require additi	·	•	
LOT SLOPE				
piece of land cald	Mercer Island City Code, slope is a sulated by subtracting the lowest elting number by the shortest horiz lied by 100.	levation of the property	from the highest elev	vation, and
LOT SLOPE CALC	ULATIONS			
Highest Elevation		+150.0		Feet
Lowest Elevation		+101.0	_	Feet
Elevation Differe		49		Feet
	ce Between High and Low Points:	148		Feet
Lot Slope*		33%		%
*Lot slope is the elevation difference divided by horizontal distance multiplied by 100.				

#### **LOT COVERAGE**

For single family residential development, "lot coverage" is the area of a lot that may be covered by a combination of the buildings and vehicular driving surfaces. The maximum lot coverage for a specific lot is based upon the lots slope (see above). The area of the lot that <u>cannot</u> be used for lot coverage is "required landscaping area"; the landscaping area is typically improved with either hardscape (see below) or softscape. **Please note:** Lot coverage is not the same as impervious surface calculations used for drainage review.

Lot Slope	Maximum Lot Coverage (House, driving surfaces, and accessory buildings)	Required Landscaping Area
Less than 15%	40%	60%
15% to less than 30%	35%	65%
30% to 50%	30%	70%
Greater than 50% slope	20%	80%

#### LOT COVERAGE CALCULATIONS

A.	Allowed Lot Coverage	30	% of Lot
В.	Allowed Lot Coverage Area	4,508	Square Feet
C.	Gross Lot Area	16,623	Square Feet
D.	Net Lot Area	15,027	Square Feet
E.	Main Structure Roof Area	2,131	Square Feet
F.	Accessory Building Roof Area	N/A	Square Feet
G.	Vehicular Use (driveway, access easements, parking)	2,139	Square Feet
Н.	Total Existing Lot Coverage Area	4,270	Square Feet
1.	(Total Lot Coverage Area Removed)	0	Square Feet
J.	Total New Lot Coverage Area	0	Square Feet
K.	Total Project Lot Coverage Area = (H-I) + J	4,270	Square Feet
L.	Proposed adjustment for single story	0	Square Feet
M.	Proposed adjustment for flag lot	0	Square Feet
N.	Proposed Lot Coverage = (K/D)x100	28.4%	% of Lot

#### **HARDSCAPE**

For single family residential development, hardscape is the solid, hard, elements or structures that are incorporated into landscaping. The hardscape includes, but is not limited to, structures, paved areas, stairs, walkways, decks, patios, and similar constructed elements. The hardscape within the landscaping area consists of materials such as wood, stone, concrete, gravel, permeable pavements or pavers, and similar materials. Hardscape does not include solid, hard elements or structures that are covered by a minimum of two feet of soil intended for softscape (for example, a septic tank covered with at least two feet of soil and planted shrubs is not hardscape). The hardscape does not include driving surfaces or buildings.

Up to 9% of the net lot area may consist of hardscape areas. In addition, unused lot coverage may also be improved with hardscape.

What is the total square footage of all hardscape on property?	1,137	Square Feet
What is the total square footage of all decks on property?	958	Square Feet

#### **ALLOWED ADJUSTMENTS**

A one-time reduction in the required landscaping area and an increase in the allowed maximum lot coverage is allowed if:

- A. The total reduction in required landscaping area shall not exceed 5%, and the total increase in maximum lot coverage shall not exceed 5%; and
- B. The reduction in required landscaping area is associated with:
  - 1. A development proposal that will result in a single-story dwelling with wheelchair accessible entry, and may also include a single-story accessory building; or
  - 2. A development proposal on a flag lot that, after optimizing driveway routing and minimizing driveway width, requires a driveway that is more than the 25% of the allowed lot coverage. The allowed reduction in the required landscaping area and increase in the maximum lot coverage shall not exceed 5% or the area of the driveway in excess of 25% of the lot coverage, whichever is less.

For example, a development proposal with a driveway that occupies 27% of the allowed lot coverage, may increase the total lot coverage by 2%

C. A recorded notice on title, covenant, easement, or other documentation in a form approved by the city, shall be required. The notice on title or other documentation shall describe the basis for the reduced landscaping area and increase in lot coverage.

Yes		No	
-----	--	----	--

# **BUILDING AREA**

All building areas must be identified and labeled on the site plan. Please distinguish all new construction from existing areas on both your drawing and in the calculations you complete below.

Will you be excluding a portion of the basement floor area?

Yes	No	

If yes, you must provide basement floor area calculations, with your building permit application, that show how you determined what portion of the basement will be excluded. Refer to page 5.

#### **BUILDING AREA CALCULATIONS**

<b>Building Area</b>	Existi	ng Area	Rem	oved Area	New/A	ddition Area	٦	<b>Total</b>
Upper Floor	744	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	610	Sq. Ft.	1,354	Sq. Ft.
Main Floor	1,334	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	1,334	Sq. Ft.
Gross Basement Area	1,306	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	1,306	Sq. Ft.
Garage/ Carport	486	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	486	Sq. Ft.
<b>Total Floor Area</b>	4,480	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	4,480	Sq. Ft.
Accessory Buildings	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.
Basement Area Excluded	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.
150% GFA Modifier*		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
200% GFA Modifier*		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
Staircase GFA Modifier*		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
<b>TOTAL Building Area</b>	3,870	Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.	4,480	Sq. Ft.

^{*}Enter the actual room area

### **GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA)**

For single family residential development, GFA is the total square footage of floor area, bounded by the exterior faces of the building(s). The GFA includes the floor area of the main building, accessory buildings, garages, attached roofed decks on the second or third story of a single family home, stair cases, etc. The GFA does not include second- or third-story uncovered decks or uncovered rooftop decks.

#### Allowed GFA

- A. R-8.4: 5,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- B. R-9.6: 8,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- C. R-12: 10,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- D. R-15: 12,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- E. All zones: Lots with a lot area of 7,500 square feet or less, the lesser of 3,000 square feet or 45% of the lot area.
- F. All zones: If an accessory dwelling unit is proposed, the 40% allowed GFA may be increased by the lesser of 5 percentile points, or the floor area of the accessory dwelling unit. Provided, this allowance shall not result in a GFA of more than 4,500 square feet or 45% of the lot area, whichever is less.

#### **GFA Modifiers ***

- A. The GFA calculation for a floor with a ceiling height of 12 to 16 feet, is 150% of the area of the floor.
- B. The GFA calculation for a floor with a ceiling height of more than 16 feet, is 200% of the area of the floor.
- C. The GFA calculation for a stair case shall be counted as a single floor for the first two stories accessed by the stair case. For each additional story above two stories, the stair case shall count as a single floor area.

#### **GROSS FLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS**

A.	Lot Area	16,623	Square Feet
В.	Allowed Gross Floor Area (refer to "Allowed GFA")	6,649	Square Feet
C.	Proposed Gross Floor Area	4,480	Square Feet

## **BUILDING HEIGHT**

All building height measurements must be taken from existing grade or finished grade, whichever is lower. Existing grade refers to ground surface as it exists at the proposed building perimeter before grading or other alterations take place. Finished grade refers to the ground surface as it exists at the building perimeter after grading or other alterations take place.

Single family new construction and additions are limited to a maximum height of 30 ft. above the Average Building Elevation (ABE) – see section on next pages. The height is measured to the top of the structure. On the downhill side of a sloping lot, the wall façade height is also limited to a height of 30 feet measured from existing or finished grade (whichever is lower) to the top of the exterior wall facade supporting the roof framing, rafters, trusses, etc.

A topographic survey is required at permit application when the proposed building height is within 2 ft. of the allowable building height. The survey must include a statement that attests the average contour elevation within the vicinity of the building footprint to be accurate within 6 inches vertically and horizontally from actual elevations.

^{*}Floor plans shall identify rooms with a ceiling height of more than 12 feet and rooms with a ceiling height of more than 16 feet.

BUIL	DING HEIGHT CALCULATIONS		
A.	Average Building Elevation (ABE) calculations located on sheet #:	A2.2	
В.	Allowable Building Height (ABE + 30 ft.)	153.4	Feet
C.	Proposed Building Height	150.6	Feet
D.	Benchmark Elevation*	100	Feet
E.	Describe Benchmark Location (must be undisturbed throughout project)		
F.	Sloping lot (Downhill side)- maximum height of top of exterior wall façade		
	above lowest existing grade (30-ft max)	N/A	Feet
G.	ABE and Allowable Building Height Shown on elevations plan sheet #	A2.1	
Н.	Topo-survey Accuracy Attested on Plan Sheet #	A2.1 & A2.2	•

Note: survey must attest to accuracy when proposed building height is within 2 feet of the allowable building height. Please see page 7 for more information on calculating Average Building Elevation (ABE)

*The benchmark elevation is a fixed elevation point on or off site that will not be disturbed during development activity and is used to verify the final building height.

# **BASEMENT FLOOR AREA CALCULATION**

The Mercer Island Development Code allows for the portion of the basement floor area which is below grade to be excluded from the Gross Floor Area. That portion of the basement which will be excluded is calculated as shown:

Portion of Excluded Basement Floor Area = Total Basement Area x

Σ (Wall Segment Coverage x Wall Segment Length)

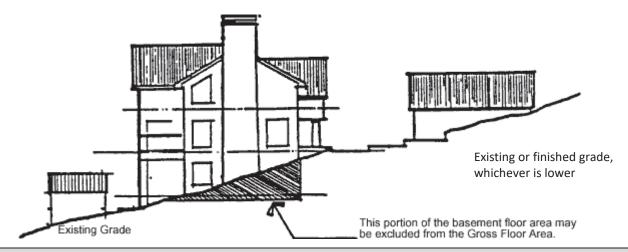
Total of all Wall Segment lengths

#### Where the terms are defined as follows:

**Total Basement Area:** The total amount of all basement floor area.

**Wall Segment** The portion of an exterior wall below existing or finished grade, whichever is lower.

**Coverage:** It is expressed as a percentage. Refer to example below. **Wall Segment Length:** The horizontal length of each exterior wall in feet.



#### **EXAMPLE OF BASEMENT FLOOR AREA CALCULATION**

This example illustrates how a portion of the basement floor area may be excluded from the Gross Floor Area. In order to complete this example, the following information is needed:

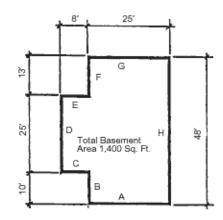
- a. A topographic map of the existing (e) grades and showing proposed finished (f) grades.
- b. Building plans showing dimensions of all exterior wall segments and floor areas.
- c. Building elevations showing the location of existing and finished grades in relation to basement level.

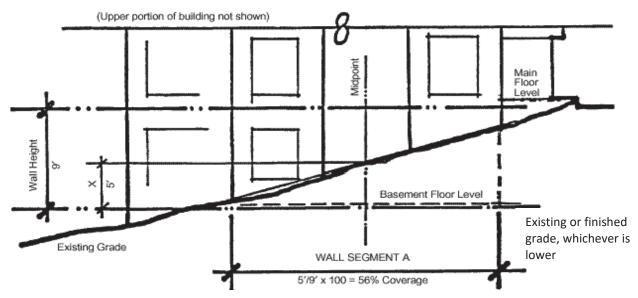
# **Step One**

Determine the number and lengths of the Wall Segments.

# **Step Two**

Determine the Wall Segment Coverage (in %) for each Wall Segment. In most cases this will be readily apparent, for example a downhill elevation which is entirely above existing and finished grade. In other cases, where the existing contours are complex, an averaging system shall be used. Refer to illustration.





## **Step Three**

Multiply each Wall Segment Length by the percentage of each Wall Segment Coverage and add these results together. Divide that number by the sum of all Wall Segment Lengths. This calculation will result in a percentage of basement wall which is below grade. (This calculation is most easily completed by compiling a table of the information as illustrated below.)

Wall Segment	Length x	Coverage=	Result
Α	25'	56%	14%
В	10'	0%	0%
В	8'	0%	0%
D	25′	0%	0%
E	8'	0%	0%
F	13'	0%	0%
G	25'	60%	15%
Н	48'	100%	48%
Totals	162'	NA	77%

### **Step Four**

Multiply the Total Basement Floor Area by the above percentage to determine the Excluded Basement Floor Area. Portion of Excluded Basement Floor Area Calculation below

- = 1,400 Sq. Ft. x 47.53%
- = 665.42 Sq. Ft. Excluded from the Gross Floor Area

# **CALCULATING AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION (ABE)**

No part of a structure may exceed 30 feet in height above the "Average Building Elevation" to the top of the structure, except that on the downhill side of a sloping lot the structure shall not extend to a height greater than 30 feet measured from existing or finished grade to the top plate of the roof; provided the roof ridge does not exceed 30 feet in height above the "Average Building Elevation." ABE is defined as: The elevation established by averaging the elevation at existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, at the center of all exterior walls of the completed building.

# NOTE:

INCOMPLETE
AVERAGE BUILDING
ELEVATION
INFORMATION
COULD
SUBSTANTIALLY
DELAY THE
PROCESSING OF
YOUR APPLICATION

# **AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION FORMULA:**

(Mid-point Elevation of Individual Wall Segment) x (Length of Individual Wall Segment)

(Total Length of Wall Segments)

-OR-

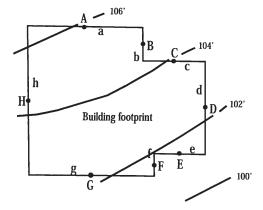
(Axa)+(Bxb)+(Cxc)+(Dxd)+(Exe)+(Dxd)+(Exe)+(Fxf)+(Gxg)+(Hxh)

$$a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h$$

**WHERE**: A,B,C,D... = Lower of Finished or Existing Ground Elevation at Midpoint

of Wall Segment

**AND**: a,b,c,d... = Length of Wall Segment Measured on Outside Wall



MIDPOINT EI	EVATION	WALL SEGMENT LENGTH	
A =	105.9 feet	a =	30 feet
B =	104.7 feet	b =	9 feet
C =	103.7 feet	c =	17 feet
D =	102.7 feet	d =	25 feet
E =	101.6 feet	e =	13 feet
F =	101.7 feet	f =	6 feet
G =	102.2 feet	g =	34 feet
H =	104.5 feet	h =	40 feet

# **ABE CALCULATION:**

(105.9)(30)+(104.7)(9)+(103.7)(17)+(102.2)(25)+(101.6)(13)+(101.7)(6)+(102.2)(34)+(104.5)(40)

18023' = 103.6' Average Building Elevation (ABE)

NOTE: This example is not to scale. Site plans submitted to the building department must be to scale.

# BEFORE SUBMITTING YOUR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, CHECK TO SEE THAT YOU HAVE PROVIDED THE INFORMATION BELOW.

- The site plan and the elevation drawings must be drawn to scale, for example 1" = 20', and based on a survey.
- ☐ Clearly show existing topography on your site plan. Topography should be shown in 2' increments.
- Submit (with the site plan) your average building elevation calculations using the formula provided on page 6.
- Indicate on an elevation drawing where the average building elevation strikes the building and the proposed ridge elevation (see below for example).
- ☑ Elevation drawings for all sides of the building.
- Indicate on the site plan the elevation of the finished floor or garage slab.
- Indicate the elevation and location of a fixed point (benchmark) within the ADJACENT RIGHT-OF-WAY or other point approved by the Building Official. The benchmark elevation and location must be provided and cannot be a part of the proposed structure. Note: Benchmark must be established, verified by a licensed surveyor and remain during construction so height can be verified when completed.
- For additions, you must provide an average building elevation calculation for the entire structure.
- If a portion of the basement floor area will be excluded from the gross floor area, provide the exclusion calculations with your site plan. The formula for basement area exclusions is shown on page 5.
- ☐ Indicate ceiling heights greater than 12' and greater than 16' on floor plans.

#### **CROSS-SECTION REPRESENTATION OF ABE**

