TECHNICAL INFORMATION REPORT

COOMBES DEVELOPMENT 6221 83rd PL SE; MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040



The Concept Group 4701 SW Admiral Way, Ste 353 • Seattle, WA 98116 • (206) 581-0853

Technical Information Report **COOMBES DEVELOPMENT**

6221 83rd PL SE Mercer Island, WA 98040

I certify that this technical information report and all attachments were prepared either by me or my technical staff working directly under my supervision.



Date	Description
July 1, 2022	Original Submission

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MR 1 - STORMWATER SITE PLAN

Project Overview

The property is located at 6221 83rd Pl SE in the City of Mercer Island, Washington. The property is currently developed with a single-family residence. The project proposes to demolish the existing SFR to construct a new SFR with an attached garage, along with associated utilities and access driveway.

Site Information

Address: 6221 83rd Pl SE; City of Mercer Island, WA

Size: 10,285 sq ft

City, County, State: Mercer Island, King County, Washington

Governing Agency: City of Mercer Island

Design Criteria: 2014 Washington State Department of Ecology Stormwater Manual



Figure 1 – Vicinity Map / Site Location (Not-to-Scale)

Drainage Basin

The property is located within the Mercer Island drainage basin. The entire property drains to one basin with a contributing area of approximately 0.25 acres. The general topography of the site slopes from west to east. Elevations on the site vary from a high point of 318 feet at the western property line to 308 feet near the eastern property line.



Figure 2 – Drainage Basin Map (Not-to-Scale)

Soils Information

The Soils Conservation Service (SCS) mapped the soils information in the project as predominately AmB, Arents, Alderwood. This type of soil is moderately well drained. The SCS Hydrologic Soil Group is "C". Refer to Appendix A for additional soil information.



Figure 3 – Soils Map (Not-to-Scale)

Existing Conditions Summary

The site is currently developed with one single-family residence, associated garage, driveway, and landscaping. Vegetation consists of lawn and landscaping with evergreen and deciduous trees. The majority of the Site's runoff drains westerly and discharges to 82nd Ave SE, creating one Natural Discharge Area (NDA). Existing impervious surface coverage is detailed in Table 1.

Table 1: Existing Condition Surfaces (SF)						
SFR	3,070					
Patio	370					
Driveway	507					
Walkway	120					
Total	4,067					

More than 35% of the existing site is covered with impervious surface and therefore the threshold determination for this project is a "Re-Development."

Proposed Conditions Summary

The project proposes to demolish the existing SFR to construct a new SFR with an attached garage, along with associated utilities and access driveway. Table 2 below outlines the projected build-out new impervious surface.

Table 2: Proposed Build-out Impervious Surfaces (SF)						
SFR	2,693					
Walkway & Patio	462					
Driveway	1,282					
Total New Impervious Surface	4,437					

Design Standards

The 2014 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington sets forth the drainage requirements for this project. More than 35% of the existing site is covered with impervious surface; therefore, the threshold for Redevelopment project applies to this property.

Based on the flowchart of Figure 1-2.4.2 "Flow Chart for Determining Requirements for Redevelopment," Minimum Requirements #1 - #5 apply to new impervious surface and converted pervious surface.



Offsite Analysis and Mitigation

Surface water runoff from impervious surfaces will be collected and pumped to the city storm drain system located on 83rd Place SE.

Upstream Analysis

The upstream properties are developed with single-family residences. The majority of the upstream runoff is collected and conveyed in the storm drain system located along 83rd Place SE. Furthermore, the subject property is located on a high point relative to the adjacent properties; therefore, no offsite runoff enters the subject property.



Figure 4 – Upstream Area Map (Not-to-Scale)

Downstream analysis

A Level 1 downstream analysis was performed on May 26, 2022. The weather was overcast with some light misty rain, temperatures in the high-50° F. Stormwater currently sheet flows east towards 82nd Ave SE where it enters the public storm system along 82nd Ave SE. Stormwater then flows east in a 12″ concrete pipe for approximately 175 feet through private properties before turning south and continuing in the 12″ concrete pipes for approximately 325 feet before discharging to an open ditch. The stormwater then travels north in the open ditch for approximately 200 feet before entering a 30″ concrete culver under West Mercer Way. Stormwater then discharges to an open

waterway and travels beyond a ¼ mile from the project site, discharging to Lake Washington. Refer to Figure 5 for the Downstream Study Area Map.



Figure 5 – Downstream Study Area (Not-to-Scale)

No existing or potential flooding, capacity, or erosion problems were observed during the site visit requiring mitigation. Based on this field inspection there are no apparent erosion or capacity problems within the downstream of this project to the point of discharge into Lake Washington.

MR 2 - SWPPP NARRATIVE

The Project will comply with the thirteen SWPPP elements during construction. An erosion control plan has been included in Appendix B.

Construction Sequence and Procedure

Prior to the start of any grading activity upon the site, all erosion control measures, including installation of a stabilized construction entrance, shall be installed in accordance with the construction documents.

The best construction practice will be employed to properly clear and grade the site and to schedule construction activities. The planned construction sequence for the construction of the site is as follows:

- 1. Flag or fence clearing limits.
- 2. Install catch basin protection if required.
- 3. Grade and install construction entrance(s).

- 4. Install perimeter protection (silt fence, brush barrier, etc.).
- 5. Maintain erosion control measures in accordance with City of Mercer Island standards and manufacturer's recommendations.
- 6. Relocate erosion control measures or install new measures so that as site conditions change the erosion and sediment control is always in accordance with the City of Mercer Island Erosion and Sediment Control Standards.
- 7. Cover all areas that will be unworked for more than seven days during the dry season or two days during the wet season with straw, wood fiber mulch, compost, plastic sheeting or equivalent.
- 8. Stabilize all areas that reach final grade within seven days.
- 9. Seed or sod any areas to remain unworked for more than 30 days.
- 10. Upon completion of the project, all disturbed areas must be stabilized and BMPs removed if appropriate.

Trapping Sediment

Structural control measures will be used to reduce erosion and retain sediment on the site. The control measures will be selected to fit site and seasonal conditions.

The following items will be used to control erosion and sedimentation processes:

- Temporary gravel construction entrance
- Filter fabric fences (silt fences)
- Ground cover measures such as straw cover and/or hydroseeding
- Inlet protection

Vehicle tracking of mud off-site shall be avoided. Installation of a gravel construction entrance will be installed at a location to enter the site. The entrances are a minimum requirement and may be supplemented if tracking of mud onto public streets becomes excessive.

MR 3 - WATER POLLUTION SOURCE CONTROL

This project is a residential development. All known, available, and reasonable source control BMPs will be applied to this Project.

The following pollutants are anticipated to be present on-site:

- Petroleum products
- Excavation waste
- Concrete and grout
- Solid & Sanitary waste

All pollutants, including waste materials and demolition debris, that occur onsite shall be handled and disposed of in a manner that does not cause contamination of stormwater. Good housekeeping and preventative measures will be taken to ensure that the site will be kept clean, well-organized, and free of debris. If required, BMPs to be implemented to control specific sources of pollutants are discussed below.

Vehicles, construction equipment, and/or petroleum product storage/dispensing:

- All vehicles, equipment, and petroleum product storage/dispensing areas will be inspected regularly to detect any leaks or spills, and to identify maintenance needs to prevent leaks or spills.
- On-site fueling tanks and petroleum product storage containers shall include secondary containment.
- Spill prevention measures, such as drip pans, will be used when conducting maintenance and repair of vehicles or equipment.
- In order to perform emergency repairs on site, temporary plastic will be placed beneath and, if raining, over the vehicle.
- Contaminated surfaces shall be cleaned immediately following any discharge or spill incident.

Chemical storage:

• Any chemicals stored in the construction areas will conform to the appropriate source control BMPs listed in the Ecology stormwater manual. All chemicals shall have cover, containment, and protection provided on site.

Demolition:

- Dust released from demolished sidewalks, buildings, or structures will be controlled using Dust Control measures.
- Storm drain inlets vulnerable to stormwater discharge carrying dust, soil, or debris will be protected using Storm Drain Inlet Protection.
- Process water and slurry resulting from saw cutting and surfacing operations will be prevented from entering the waters of the State by implementing Saw cutting and Surfacing Pollution Prevention measures.

Concrete and grout:

• Process water and slurry resulting from concrete work will be prevented from entering the waters of the State by implementing Concrete Handling measures.

Sanitary wastewater:

• Portable sanitation facilities will be firmly secured, regularly maintained, and emptied when necessary.

Solid Waste:

• Solid waste will be stored in secure, clearly marked containers.

MR 4 - PRESERVATION OF NATURAL DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND OUTFALLS, AND PROVISIONS OF OFF-SITE MITIGATION

The natural drainage patterns will be maintained for this Project. Surface runoff will discharge within the same NDA, discharging into Lake Washington.

MR 5 - ON-SITE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The project utilizes Better Site Design by generally matching existing grades where feasible. Existing trees and other vegetation around the site perimeter will be preserved

where possible to help minimize disturbance to the hydrologic cycle. Native soils in all disturbed pervious areas will be amended with compost.

BMP Feasibility and Applicability Discussion for Roof Stormwater Runoff

- 1. Dispersion/Infiltration
 - Full dispersion of runoff from impervious surfaces is not feasible due to insufficient area on the site for dispersion flow paths. The minimum 100 feet vegetative flow path cannot be achieved.
 - Concentrated flow dispersion is not feasible because the minimum 25 feet vegetative flow path cannot be achieved.
 - Full and limited infiltration is not feasible. Per the City of Mercer Island GIS maps, the site is mapped as infeasible for infiltration.
- 2. Bioretention and Rain Garden BMPs are not feasible because the site is mapped as infeasible for infiltration, as discussed above.
- 3. Concentrated Downspout Dispersion Systems are infeasible because a vegetative flow path of 25 ft cannot be provided to accommodate for gravity flow away from the proposed building.
- 4. Perforated stub-out connection to the City system to mitigate onsite stormwater from the development is not feasible because the site is mapped as infeasible for infiltration, as discussed above.

BMP Feasibility and Applicability Discussion for Driveway Surface

- 1. Full dispersion of runoff from impervious hard surfaces is not feasible due to insufficient area on the site for dispersion flow paths. The minimum 100 feet of native vegetative flow path cannot be achieved.
- 2. Concentrated flow dispersion is not feasible because the minimum 25 feet vegetative flow path cannot be achieved.
- 3. Permeable Pavement is not feasible for this site because the site is mapped as infeasible for infiltration, as discussed above.

Stormwater from the site will be collected and pumped to a detention pipe before discharging to 83rd Place SE. Based on the standard detention pipe, the project proposes a 48" diameter x 60' detention pipe to mitigate onsite stormwater runoff.

TABLE 2 - STANDARD DETENTION PIPE DESIGN FOR PROJECTS BETWEEN 500 SF AND 5,000 SF	IMPERVIOUS AREA
(WITH 120% CORRECTION FACTOR)	

New Impervious Area (sf)														
500 to 1,000 sf 1,001 to 2,000 sf 2,001 to 3,000 sf 3,001 to 4,000 sf									4,001 to 5,000 sf					
Detention Pip	e Size (in.) ar	nd Length (ft)	Detention Pi	etention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Len		nd Length (ft)	Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft)			Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft)				
36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"
30	18	11	66	34	22	90	48	30	120	62	42	186	90	48
22	11	7	43	23	14	66	36	20	78	42	26	132	60	37
	E Detention Pip 36" 30 22	500 to 1,000 st Detention Pipe Size (in.) ar 36" 48" 30 18 22 11	500 to 1,000 sf Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) 36" 48" 60" 30 18 11 22 11 7	500 to 1,000 sf 1 Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pi 36" 48" 60" 36" 30 18 11 66 22 11 7 43	500 to 1,000 sf 1.001 to 2,000 Detention Pipe Size (in,) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in,) and 36" 48" 36" 48" 60" 36" 48" 30 18 11 66 34 22 11 7 43 23	500 to 1.000 sf 1.001 to 2.000 sf Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) 36" 48" 60" 36" 48" 60" 30 18 11 66 34 22 22 11 7 43 23 14	New 500 to 1,000 sf 1,001 to 2,000 sf 2 Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and (in.)	New Impervious An 500 to 1.000 sf 1.001 to 2.000 sf 2.001 to 3.000 Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) 36" 48" 60" 36" 48" 60" 36" 48" 30 18 11 66 34 22 90 48 22 11 7 43 23 14 66 36	New Impervious Area (s1) 500 to 1.000 sf 1.001 to 2.000 sf 2.001 to 3.000 sf Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) 36" 48" 60" 36" 48" 60" 30 11 66 34 22 90 48 30 22 11 7 43 23 14 66 36 20	New Impervious Area (s1) 500 to 1,000 sf 1,001 to 2,000 sf 2,001 to 3,000 sf 2 Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (f	New Impervious Area (sf) Sol to 1.000 sf 1.001 to 2.000 sf 2.001 to 3.000 sf 3.001 to 4.000 Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and (Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.)	New Impervious Area (sf) Sol to 1.000 sf 1.00 to 2.000 sf 2.001 to 3.000 sf 3.001 to 4.000 sf Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.	New Impervious Nare (sf) New Impervious Nare (sf) Detention Pipe Size (in,) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in,) and Length (ft)	New Impervious Area (sf) New Impervious Area (sf) Out 10.000 of 10.000 of 2.000 of 2.001 to 3.000 of 3.001 to 4.000 of 4.001 to 5.000 Detention Pipe Size (in.) and Length (ft) Detention Pipe Size (in.) and

Lawn and Landscape Area Soil Management Plan

Within the limits of site disturbance, duff and topsoil will be retained in an undisturbed state and stockpiled for later use to stabilize and amend soils throughout the Site. Postconstruction soil amendment will meet the requirements of BMP T5.13 Post-Construction Soil Quality and Depth.

Appendix A Soil Data



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

MAP L	EGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.
Soils Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Points Special Point Features Blowout Blowout Clay Spot Closed Depression	Image: Stony Spot Image: Stony Spot <	 Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can can misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more det scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:
Gravel Pit Gravelly Spot Landfill Lava Flow Marsh or swamp Mine or Quarry Miscellaneous Water	 US Routes Major Roads Local Roads Background Aerial Photography 	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mer projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such a Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified d of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: King County Area, Washington Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 23, 2021
 Perennial Water Rock Outcrop Saline Spot Sandy Spot Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole Slide or Slip Sodic Spot 		Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 6, 2020—J 2020 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines w compiled and digitized probably differs from the backgroun imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
AmB	Arents, Alderwood material, 0 to 6 percent slopes	1.2	100.0%		
Totals for Area of Interest		1.2	100.0%		



King County Area, Washington

AmB—Arents, Alderwood material, 0 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1hmsp Elevation: 160 to 590 feet Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 60 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 150 to 200 days Farmland classification: Prime farmland if irrigated

Map Unit Composition

Arents, alderwood material, and similar soils: 100 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Arents, Alderwood Material

Setting

Landform: Till plains Parent material: Basal till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 26 inches: gravelly sandy loam *H2 - 26 to 60 inches:* very gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 6 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to densic material
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 16 to 36 inches
Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4s Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: King County Area, Washington Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 23, 2021

Appendix B Pump Calculations

DRAINAGE PUMP DESIGN

FOR

SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE

6221 83RD AVE SE

MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

June 24, 2022



Prepared by

C2MY Engineers, LLC P.O. Box 52883 Bellevue, WA 98015-2883 Contact: Choomeng Chin (206) 922-9376 cmchin.c2my@gmail.com Prepared for

PBG, LLC 5130 S. 166th Lane SeaTac, WA 98188 Contact: Han Pham, P.E. (206)-229-6422 *pbg.engr@yahoo.com* This page is intentionally left blank

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I.PROJECT OVERVIEW

This report provides the drainage pump system design calculation for the redevelopment of a single-family residence building. The detention system is too deep for gravity discharge to the roadway drainage system and hence a pump is needed. The pump system is designed to discharge the maximum allowable flow rate from the detention system including the 100-year storm frequency.

A. Pump Design Requirements:

Per city requirements:

- a. The pump system shall have dual, alternating pumps with emergency on-site, back-up power supply and an external alarm system for system failure and high water level indicator.
- b. Provide a detail section for the pump system and the structure with all dimensions and invert elevations shown.
- c. Pumped flows shall not exceed the allowable discharge rates set forth herein.
 Each pump shall be capable of discharging the design flow rate for the 100-year, 24-hour design storm. Provide detail calculations for the pump system including pump curve.
- d. If a stormwater detention system is not required the pump system shall have a storage facility (pond, tank, or vault) sized to hold 25 percent of the total volume of runoff for the developed tributary drainage area for the 2-year, 24-hour design storm.
- e. The pump system shall discharge to an elevation higher than the downstream design water surface elevation to prevent backwater/backflow conditions. Provide such design.





FIGURE 1: PROPOSED SITE DEVELOPEMENT MAP (NTS)



II. PUMP DESIGN DESIGN

The calculated peak runoffs using the SBUH methodology are as follow:

Drainage area= 4437 S.F. (0.10186 acs)

Using proposed condition for the allowable discharges per the detention standards as follow:

- 2-yr/24hr 0.0289 cfs (15 gpm) (Using 6-mo storm)
- 25-yr/24hr 0.0870 cfs (41 gpm)
- 100-yr/24hr 0.0998 cfs (46.8 gpm)

Required minimum pump design working depth = 2.71 feet (254.5 gallons)

The 4-ft diameter pump well with 3' sump provide 281.99 gallons of volume > 254.5 gallons. O.k.

A. SUMMARY OF INPUT DATA:

Drainage area = 1005 SF TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS

24 hr. ISOPLUVIALS:

P2=	2.00	in/day
P10=	3.00	in/day
P100=	4.00	in/day
sheet flow:		Tt = {(.42)(Ns*L)^0.8}/{(P2)^0.5*(So)^0.4}
oono flow:		$Tt = 1/(60*K_{0}*(S_{0})) = 0$
CONC. NOW.		L/(00 KS (30).0.3)

	TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS
--	------------------------------------

Existing	Status						
Seament		Length	Ns	Ks	Slp%(ave)	Tt(min)	Tc Used (min.)
Impervious		49	0.011		8.3	0.5	5
Pervious	Sheet Flow	133	0.15		5	10.8	10.8
Proposed							
Impervious	Sheet Flow	36	0.011		8.3	0.4	
	Channel	122	0.011		2	1.8	5
Pervious	NA						



B. DEVELOPED PEAK FLOW CALCULATION:

Project Precips

2.00 in
2.80 in
3.00 in
3.50 in
4.00 in
1.28 in

PRE1 Event Summary:

BasinID	Peak Q	Peak T	Peak Vol	Area	Method	Raintype	Event
	(cfs)	(hrs)	(ac-ft)	ac	/Loss		
PRE1	0.0550	8.00	0.0205	0.19	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	2 yr
PRE1	0.0948	8.00	0.0346	0.19	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	10 yr
PRE1	0.1155	8.00	0.0419	0.19	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	25 yr
PRE1	0.1364	8.00	0.0493	0.19	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	100 yr
PRE1	0.0288	7.83	0.0111	0.19	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	6-mo

Drainage Area: PRE1

Hyd Method Peak Factor	l: SBUH Hyd r: 484.00		Loss Metho SCS Abs:	d: SCS Cl 0.20	N Number	
Storm Dur:	24.00 hrs		Intv:	10.00 n	nin	
	Area	CN	тс			
Pervious	0.0937 ac	86.00	0.18 hrs			
Impervious	0.0937 ac	98.00	0.01 hrs			
Total	0.1874 ac					
Supporting	Data:					
Pervious C	N Data:					
Lawn		86.00	0.0937 ac			
Impervious	S CN Data:					
Roof and dr	iveway	98.00	0.0937 ac			
Pervious T	C Data:					
Flow type:	Description:		Length:	Slope:	Coeff:	Travel Time
Sheet	Lawn		133.00 ft	5.00%	0.1500	10.79 min
Impervious	TC Data:					
Flow type:	Description:		Length:	Slope:	Coeff:	Travel Time
Sheet	Roof		49.00 ft	8.30%	0.0110	0.49 min

Dev1 Event Summary:

BasinID	Peak Q	Peak T	Peak Vol	Area	Method	Raintype	Event
	(cfs)	(hrs)	(ac-ft)	ac	/Loss		
Dev1	0.0480	7.83	0.0151	0.10	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	2 yr
Dev1	0.0740	7.83	0.0235	0.10	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	10 yr
Dev1	0.0870	7.83	0.0277	0.10	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	25 yr
Dev1	0.0998	7.83	0.0319	0.10	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	100 yr
Dev1	0.0289	7.83	0.0090	0.10	SBUH/SCS	TYPE1A	6-mo

Drainage Area: Dev1

Hyd Method:	SBUH Hyd		Loss Method:	SCS CN Number
Peak Factor:	484.00		SCS Abs:	0.20
Storm Dur:	24.00 hrs		Intv:	10.00 min
	Area	CN	TC	
Pervious	0.0000 ac	86.00	0.00 hrs	
Impervious	0.1018 ac	98.00	0.04 hrs	

Total Supporting Impervious	0.1018 ac Data: CN Data:					
Driveway+R	Roof	98.00	0.1018 ac			
Impervious	TC Data:					
Flow type:	Description:		Length:	Slope:	Coeff:	Travel Time
Sheet	Roof		36.00 ft	8.30%	0.0110	0.38 min
Sheet	Channel		122.00 ft	2.00%	0.0110	1.80 min

C. STORM DUPLEX PUMP DESIGN:

6221 83rd PI SE, Mercer Is. - STORM PUMP CAPACITY ANALYSIS

STORM WATER LIFT STATION DESIGN

A. DETERMI	NE THE REQUIRED	RATE OF	PUMPING;			
100-YR PEA	K FLOW, Qmax =	0.0998	cfs	= 46.8	GPM	(Allowable flow rate from prop. condition - See Storm Shed Calc.)
B. COMPUT	E THE STORAGE RE	EQUIREME	NT FOR T	HE WET	WELL:	
USING 2 PU TIME FOR O	MPS AND 4 CYCLES	S PER HOL	JR			
			T=(V/Q-S)+(V/S)		
Where:	T = THE TIME FOR V = THE EFFECTIVI Q = THE PUMPING S = THE FLOW INT	ONE PUMF E VOLUME RATE IN G O THE WE	P CYCLE II OF THE V ALLONS F TWELL IN	N MINUT VETWEL PER MINI GALLON	ES = L IN GALLO JTE = IS PER MINI	25 N = V 47 JTE = 15 0.0289 cfs (Allowable 50% of 2-yr
			V = TS(Q	-S)/Q =	255	prop. flow rate)
use Volume pe Working d	4 R FOOT = DEPTH =	FEET DIA 94.00 2.71	METER W GAL/FT FEET =	ET WEL	254.52	Gallons
Availale Stor	age Vol., 3 feet=	281.99	GAL	OK		
C. DETERMI	NE THE FORCEMAI	N DIAMET	ER:			
Qmax =	47	GPM =	0.10	CFS		
MAXIMUM C (FOR VEL. =	ROSS SECTION RE 3	QUIRED = FPS) =	0.035 5.00	SF SI		
USE (AREA =	2 0.022	INCH DIA SF)	METER HI	OPE PIPE	E, V= Q/A = 4.78	B FPS ~ 3 FPS ~OK

1 - CHECK VALVE =

1 - TEE

D. DETERMINE HEAD LOSS OF HDPE FORCE MAIN:

 $H = (Q/(0.006757)(C)(D^{2.63}))^{1.85}$

WHERE:	H = THE HEAD LOSQ = THE FLOW IN (C = THE HAZEN-W)D = THE PIPE DIAN	S IN FEET GALLON PE ILLIAM COB IETER IN IN	PER 1000 ER MINUT EFFICIEN NCHES =) FEET OF PIPE = E = T OF ROUGHNESS =	H 47 140 2	USED
H =	46.75	FEET	(for 2-in [Diameter Pipe)		
LENGTH OF	PIPE =	91	FEET	HEAD LOSS IN PIPE =	4	FT.
E. COMPUT	E THE TOTAL DYNA	MIC HEAD	(TDH)			
a) STATIC D DISCHARGE PUMP OFF I	ISCHARGE HEAD = E ELEVATION = ELEVATION =	12.33 312.75 300.42	FEET			
b) MINOR LO 2 - 90 DEG. 1 - GATE VA	DSSES = ELL = \LVE =	5.9 1.4 0.2	•			

c) TOTAL DISCHARGE HEAD LOSS = 22.48 FEET

G. COMPUTE THE REQUIRED BRAKE HORSEPOWER:

Hpbrake = (GPMxTDH) / (3960 X EFF.) = 0.443

WHERE: GPM = FLOW RATE IN GALLON PER MINUTE TDH = TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD OF THE SYSTEM IN FEET WHEN DELIVERING THE REQUIRED FLOW RATE 3930 = A CONSTANT EFF = PUMP EFFICIENCY EXPRESSED IN DECIMAL FORM

2.5

1.8

USE 1/2 HP SUBMERSIVE PUMP WITH

MIN. EFF. OF 60 %

D. PUMP CURVE:

Use Goulds Pump WE Series, Model WE0511 HH (1/2 HP) or equal. See Plan for pump details.







Appendix C Civil Plans



TREE INVENTORY:

#1 - 14" #2 - 14" #3 - 15" #4 - 7" #5 - 28"

STABILIZE SOILS:

TEMPORARY COVER MEASURES SHALL BE PROVIDED WHEN NECESSARY TO PROTECT DISTURBED AREAS. THE INTENT OF THESE MEASURES IS TO PREVENT EROSION BY HAVING AS MUCH AREA AS POSSIBLE COVERED DURING ANY PERIOD OF PRECIPITATION. TOPSOIL LAYERS SHALL BE RETAINED AND PROTECTED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT FEASIBLE. ANY TOPSOIL THAT IS STOCKPILED ONSITE SHALL BE COVERED TO PREVENT EROSION AND SATURATION, AND SHALL BE REUSED IN LANDSCAPED AREAS UPON COMPLETION OF THE GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. TEMPORARY COVER SHALL BE INSTALLED IF AN AREA IS TO REMAIN UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN 7 DAYS DURING THE DRY SEASON (MAY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30) OR FOR MORE THAN TWO CONSECUTIVE WORKING DAYS DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER 1 TO APRIL 30). COVER METHODS INCLUDE THE USE OF SURFACE ROUGHENING, MULCH, EROSION CONTROL NETS AND BLANKETS, PLASTIC COVERING, SEEDING, AND SODDING, MULCH AND PLASTIC SHEETING ARE PRIMARILY INTENDED TO PROTECT DISTURBED AREAS FOR A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME, TYPICALLY DAYS TO A FEW MONTHS. SEEDING AND SODDING ARE MEASURES FOR AREAS THAT ARE TO REMAIN UNWORKED FOR MONTHS. EROSION NETS AND BLANKETS ARE TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SEEDING STEEP SLOPES

GENERAL NOTE:

1. LAND CLEARING, GRADING, FILLING, AND FOUNDATION WORK ARE NOT PERMITTED BETWEEN OCTOBER 1ST AND APRIL 1ST. ANY WORK THAT IS PROPOSED DURING THE WET SEASON MUST SUBMIT A SEASONAL DEVELOPMENT LIMITATION WAIVER FOR APPROVAL BY THE BUILDING OFFICIAL

PROJECT ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION:

I HEREBY STATE THAT THIS CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN FOR JABOODA HOMES RESIDENCE HAS BEEN PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND MEETS THE STANDARD OF CARE AND EXPERTISE WHICH IS USUAL AND CUSTOMARY IN THIS COMMUNITY OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CITY OF MERCER ISLAND DOES NOT AND WILL NOT ASSUME LIABILITY FOR THE SUFFICIENCY, SUITABILILTY, OR PERFORMANCE OF CONSTRUCTION SWPPP BMPS PREPARED BY ME.

INLET PROTECTION NOTE:

1. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL INLET PROTECTION ON ALL CATCH BASINS DOWNSTREAM WITHIN 50'

LEGEND



EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH (BETULA PENDULA) MT. FUJI CHERRY (PRUNUS SERRULATA 'SHIROTAE') KWANZAN CHERRY (PRUNUS SERRULATA 'KWANZAN') FLOWERING DOGWOOD (CORNUS FLORIDA) EUROPEAN BEECH (FAGUS SYLVATICA L.)

REGULATED-YES REGULATED-YES REGULATED-YES **REGULATED-YES REGULATED-YES**

- PROPERTY LINE

— RIGHT OF WAY LINE

—— RIGHT OF WAY CENTERLINE

PROPOSED STRUCTURE



НО	RIZONTAL	GRAP	HIC SC.	ALE
10	5	0	5	10
	1 incł	n = 10) ft.	

REFEF SHEE	RENCI T NO.	E		SHE C SHE	EET F ETS	
COOMBES DEVELOPMENT	6221 83RD PLACE SE	MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040		TREE PROTECTION PLAN		
	PROPESS	N H OF V 420 PEGIS SIONE	I. P. VASHI SIIS TEREI IL EN		A REAL AND	
Dad	Land Development and Civil Engineering Consulta	SeaTac, WA 98188	Т (206) 229-6422			
ISSUE DATE 7-05-2022	L. PHAN	L. PHAN	H.H. PHAN	H.H. PHAN		
JOB NO. R22465	DESIGNED BY:	DRAWN BY:	CHECKED BY:	PROJ. MNGR:		
REVISION DESCRIPTION						
DATE BY						





INLET PROTECTION NOTE:

1. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL INLE ALL CATCH BASINS DOWNSTREAM

LEGEND



ET PROTECTION ON	
M WITHIN 50'	

- PROPERTY LINE

RI S	EFER HEE	ENC T NO	E		SHE C SHE	EET PF 7 ETS	
COOMBES DEVIEI ODMENIT		6221 83KD PLACE SE	MERCER ISLAND. WA 98040		TREE PROTECTION PLAN		
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		Land Development and Civil Engineering Consultan	SeaTac, WA 98188	Т (206) 229-6422			
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DATE BY							



HOF	RIZONTAL	GRAP	HIC SCALE
10	5	0	5
	1 inc	h = 10) ft.





OTES:		REFERENCE SHEET NO.	SHEET 4
TH ATION	1 89 LF 4" SDR 35 PVC SD @ 2.00% MIN. CONNECT TO 4" ROOF DRAIN LINE	C4	OF 7
	18 INSTALL 2' WIDE x 20' LONG x 18" DEEP GRAVEL STRIP FOR PATIO DISPERSION		SHEETS
TH KING LID	 INSTALL 4' DIA. X 60' LONG CMP DETENTION TANK TOP=307.00 BOTTOM=303.00 PER DETAIL ON SHEET C6 	1ENT 3E 38040	TILITY L - 1
	INSTALL 4 LF 8" PVC SDR 35 @ 2.00%	OPN CE S	
<u>-</u>)	21 LF 4" SOLID SDR 35 PVC FOOTING DRAIN COLLECTOR @ 14.00%	D PLA	
	22 17 LF 6" SDR 35 PVC ROOF DRAIN COLLECTOR @ 3.00%	ES D 83RI	NAN A
	23 46 LF 4" SDR 35 PVC ROOF DRAIN @ 2.00% MIN.	DMB 221 CFR	
	INSTALL 91 LF 2" PVC SCHEDULE 80 STORM DRAIN FORCE MAIN	CO(MFR	N
	25 105 LF 4" SDR 35 PVC ROOF DRAIN @ 2.00% MIN.		ମ ଅ
DRAIN (DURA)	6" SDCO #1 IE=306.01		
	27) 176 LF 6" DI SD @ 5.00%	AN	H. PH
	2 VIDE ASPHALT THICKENED EDGE	Propression	AL ENCINET
ING ′		ants	
	D	ng Consult	
	PROPERTY LINE	gineeri	
18" DEEP	————— ADJACENT PROPERTY LINE	ivil Enç	
	RIGHT OF WAY LINE	tt and C	2
	RIGHT OF WAY CENTERLINE	ppment 166	9-642
	OVERHANG / EAVE	Develo Sout)6) 22
	PROPOSED STRUCTURE	Land 5130 SeaT	т (2



CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

2022

LC

R2246 GNED BY:

ISSUE DA7-05-202L. PHANL. PHANH.H. PHANH.H. PHAN

CHECKED F





_																
								New I	mpervious Ar	ea (sf)						
			500 to 1,000 sf	:		1,001 to 2,000 s	of	2	.,001 to 3,000 :	of	3	,001 to 4,000 s	if	4	1,001 to 5,000 s	3f
		Detention Pi	pe Size (in.) an	d Length (ft)	Detention P	ipe Size (in.) ar	nd Length (ft)	Detention Pi	pe Size (in.) ar	nd Length (ft)	Detention Pi	pe Size (in.) an	d Length (ft)	Detention Pi	ipe Size (in.) ar	nd Length (ft)
	Soil Type*	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"	36"	48"	60"
	В	30	18	11	66	34	22	90	48	30	120	62	42	186	90	48
	С	22	11	7	43	23	14	66	36	20	78	42	26	132	60	37

					Outlet Orifi	ce Size and D	esign Height i	for Type B So	ils Only						
	Lowest	Distance from	Second	Lowest	Distance from	Second	Low est	Distance from	Second	Lowest	Distance from	Second	Lowest	Distance from	Second
	Orifice	Outlet t o	Orifice	Orifice	Outlet to	Orifice	Orifice	Outle t to	Orifice	Orifice	Outlet to	Orifice	Orifice	Outlet to	Orifice
Detention Pipe Size (in)	Diameter (inches)ı	Second Orifice (feet)	Diameter (inches)	Diameter (inches)ı	Second Orifice (feet)	Diameter (inches)	Diameter (inches)⊨	Second Orifice (feet)	Diameter (inches)	Diameter (inches)1	Second Orifice (feet)	Diameter (inches)	Diameter (inches)1	Second Orifice (feet)	Diameter (inches)
36	0.5	2.2	0.5	0.5	2.2	0.94	0.5	2.2	0.94	0.5	2.4	1.4	0.5	2.44	1.4
48	0.5	3.3	0.94	0.5	3.2	0.9	0.5	3.1	0.9	0.5	2.8	0.8	0.5	2.7	0.75
60	0.5	4.15	0.47	0.5	4.3	0.94	0.5	4.2	0.94	0.5	3.8	0.94	0.5	4.14	0.9

						Outlet Or	ifice Size and	Design Heigh	nt for Type C S	oils Only					
Detention Pipe Size (in)	Lowest Orifice Diameter (inches)1	Distance from Outlet to Second Orifice (feet)	Second Orifice Diameter (inches)												
36	0.5	2	0.8	0.5	2.3	1.41	0.5	2.4	1.9	0.5	2.15	1.64	0.5	1.72	2.3
48	0.5	3.2	0.8	0.5	3.3	1.17	0.5	2.83	1.5	0.5	2.9	1.3	0.5	2.43	1.6
60	0.5	3.4	0.6	0.5	3.6	0.89	0.5	3.7	1.1	0.5	3.9	1.28	0.5	4.3	2.2



Second (inches) Orifice							
(feet) 1.72 2.3				A CAL	NH.	PH	
2.43 1.6			3	LA LA		HINCRO	
4.3 2.2				Hn.			+
				PROFFS	4281 REGISTE	7/05/	2022 E
				۲•۲ —	TONAL		, •
				sultants			
	DUPLEX PARALLEL SUBMERSIBLE			ing Con			
GENERAL DESCRIPTION	GRINDER PUMPS			gineer			
DESIGN CALCULATIONS	FROM RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION: PEAK INFLOWS: 25-YR = 41 GPM 100-YR = 46.8 GPM		Ċ	ient and Civil Englishing	98188 5427		
DESIGN FLOW AND TDH	1 PUMP: 46.8 GPM @ 22.5' TDH 2 PUMP: 46.8 GPM @ 22.5' TDH			Developm	Tac, WA		
PUMP ELECTRICAL	1 HP, 1 PHASE, 115 V, WE SERIES (MODEL WE0511 HH OR EQ.)		<u> </u>	Land		<u>.</u>	—
PUMP CONTROLS	ALTERNATE PUMP STARTS, LOW AND HIGH LEVEL ALARM LIGHT		IE DATE		_	AN	AN
PUMP MOUNTING AND DISCHARGE	INCREASER TO 2" DISCHARGE WITH 2" UNION, CHECK VALVE, AND GATE VALVE FROM EACH PUMP		1050 1580	. PHAN	PHAN	нд 	н. Н.
DISCHARGE MANIFOLD	2" x 2" DISCHARGE TO FORCE MAIN					<u> </u>	
FORCE MAIN & FITTINGS	2"		0 5 6€				
	FLOAT SPECIFICATIONS		227	ED BY	BY:		אר פא
REDUNDANT OFF AND LOW LEVEL ALARM	PER MANUFACTURE'S REQUIREMENTS		Ë	SIGNE	AWN		01. M
OFF	PER MANUFACTURE'S REQUIREMENTS			Н	DR	E C	<u>ב</u>
ON (1ST PUMP)	1.5' ABOVE OFF						
ON (2ND PUMP)	2.5' ABOVE OFF						
HIGH LEVEL ALARM	0.5' ABOVE 2ND PUMP ON] [
MIN. HEIGHT FROM HIGH LEVEL ALARM TO LOWEST INLET	0.5'		DESCRIF				
NOTES: 1. THESE SPECIFICATIONS ARE SCHEMATI SUPPLIER AND CONTRACTOR.	IC IN NATURE AND SHALL BE CONFIRMED BY		REVISION				
2. PUMP FLOATS/CONTROLS SHALL BE FIE PUMP CYCLE TIMES PER MANUFACTUR	ELD TESTED AND ADJUSTED TO ACHIEVE OPTIMUM E'S RECOMMENDATIONS.						
3. EXPLOSION PROOF PUMPS, CONTROLS INSTALLED IF REQUIRED BY CODE.	, AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS SHALL BE		BY				
STORM DRAIN DUPLEX F	PUMP STATION SPECIFICATIONS		ATE				
			2				

NEW IMPERVIOUS

ROOF AREA (INCLUDING OVERHANG): 2,693 SF DRIVEWAY: WALKWAY & PATIO:

S	CALC.	

1,282 SF _____462 SF TOTAL: 4,437 SF

REFE SHE	ERENC ET NC).		SHE C SHE	EET 7 9F 7 ETS					
COOMBES DEVELOPMENT 6221 83RD PLACE SE 6221 83RD PLACE SE MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040 DETALS										
	A CONTRACTOR	A20 PEGIS SSION	H. P. NASHI BIJ STEREN AL EN	12 Crow						
	Land Development and Civil Engineering Consultants	5130 South Iboth Lane SeaTac, WA 98188	T (206) 229-6422							
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